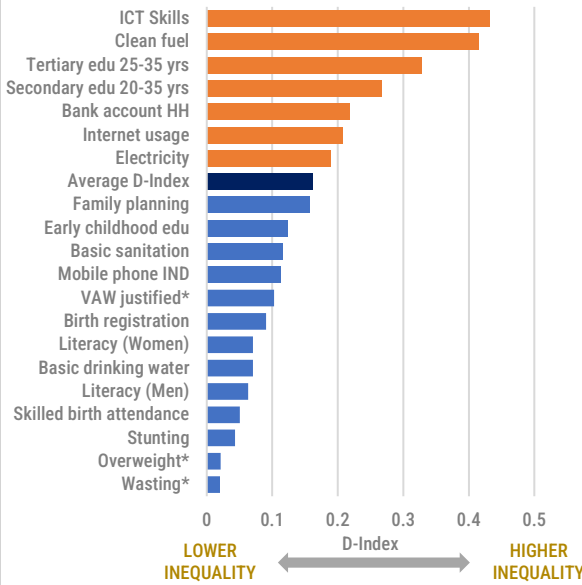


REDUCING INEQUALITY IN ALL ITS FORMS IS AT THE HEART OF THE 2030 AGENDA FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

DISSIMILARITY INDEX (D-INDEX)



SOURCE: MICS 2023

NOTE: STANDARD ANALYSIS WITH UP TO 4,801 OBSERVATIONS. USE OF FINANCIAL SERVICES AND VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ARE NOT SHOWN DUE TO DATA UNAVAILABILITY.

* TO KEEP THE SAME INTERPRETATION AS FOR OTHER POSITIVELY DEFINED INDICATORS (OPPORTUNITIES), THE ABSENCE OF THE BARRIER IS CALCULATED.

BASED ON D-INDICES,
IN VANUATU, INEQUALITY
IS HIGHEST IN



ICT SKILLS



CLEAN FUEL



TERTIARY EDUCATION

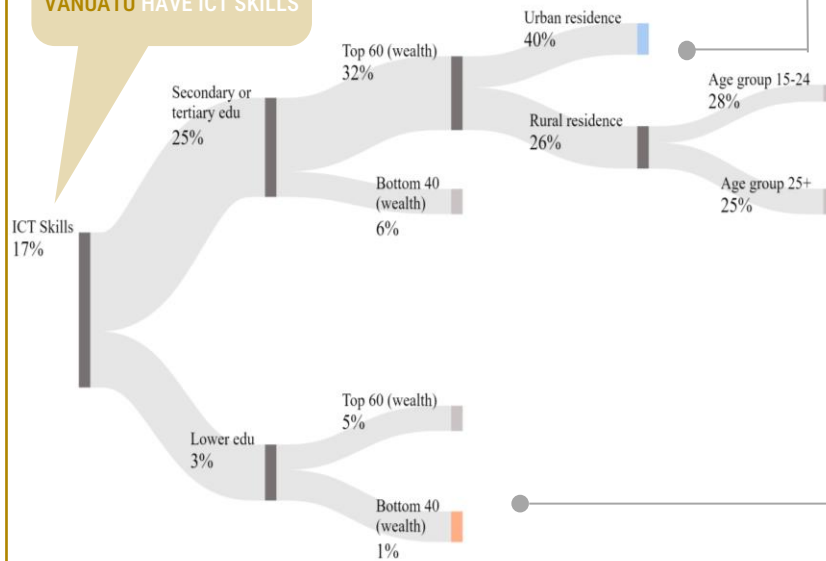


LEAVING NO ONE BEHIND
Reducing multiple dimensions of inequality

**1% OF POORER INDIVIDUALS WITH
LOWER EDUCATION
HAVE ICT SKILLS COMPARED TO
40% OF RICHER INDIVIDUALS WITH
SECONDARY OR HIGHER EDUCATION
LIVING IN URBAN AREAS**

CLASSIFICATION AND REGRESSION TREE (CART) IN ICT SKILLS

17% OF INDIVIDUALS (MEN
AND WOMEN) AGED 15-49 IN
VANUATU HAVE ICT SKILLS



SOURCE: MICS 2023

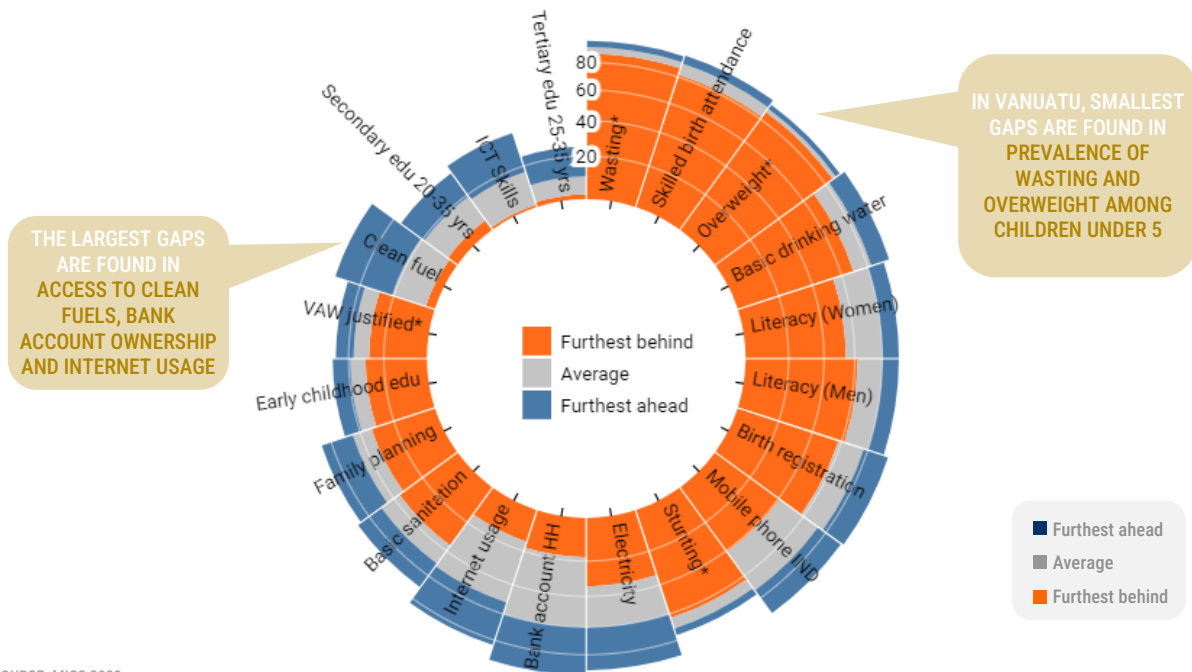
NOTE: STANDARD ANALYSIS WITH 4,801 OBSERVATIONS

INDICATOR DEFINITION:

PROPORTION OF MEN AND WOMEN AGED 15-49 WHO HAVE CARRIED OUT AT LEAST ONE OF NINE COMPUTER-RELATED ACTIVITIES IN THE LAST 3 MONTHS.

EDUCATION AND WEALTH ARE KEY DRIVERS OF INEQUALITY IN ICT SKILLS IN VANUATU. POORER AND LOWER EDUCATED INDIVIDUALS ARE FURTHEST BEHIND. LOCATION MATTERS AMONG RICHER AND MORE EDUCATED INDIVIDUALS WITH WIDE GAPS OBSERVED IN FAVOR OF INDIVIDUALS RESIDING IN URBAN AREAS.

DISPARITIES BETWEEN THE FURTHEST BEHIND AND THE FURTHEST AHEAD GROUPS

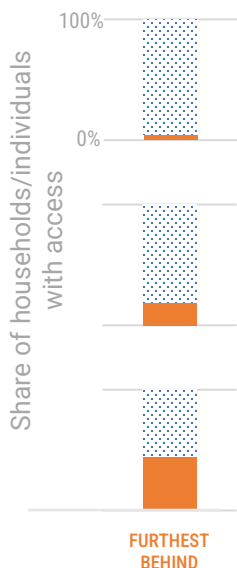


SOURCE: MICS 2023

NOTE: STANDARD ANALYSIS WITH UP TO 4,801 OBSERVATIONS. THE ORANGE BAR REPRESENTS THE AVERAGE RATE OF THE FURTHEST BEHIND GROUP. THE BLUE BAR REPRESENTS THE AVERAGE RATE OF THE FURTHEST AHEAD GROUP. THE GRAY BAR IS THE AVERAGE RATE OF THE POPULATION, BY WHICH OPPORTUNITIES AND/OR BARRIERS ARE SORTED. USE OF FINANCIAL SERVICES AND VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ARE NOT SHOWN DUE TO DATA UNAVAILABILITY.

* TO KEEP THE SAME INTERPRETATION AS FOR OTHER POSITIVELY DEFINED INDICATORS (OPPORTUNITIES), INEQUALITY IN THE ABSENCE OF THE BARRIER IS CALCULATED.

MANY PEOPLE ARE LEFT BEHIND IN ACCESS TO OPPORTUNITIES



AMONG POORER HOUSEHOLDS LIVING IN RURAL AREAS, ONLY 4% USE CLEAN FUEL FOR COOKING. THIS FURTHEST BEHIND GROUP REPRESENTS 42% OF ALL HOUSEHOLDS IN VANUATU.

AMONG POORER HOUSEHOLDS WITH LOWER EDUCATION AMONG HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS, 82% ARE UNBANKED. THIS FURTHEST BEHIND GROUP REPRESENTS 22% OF ALL HOUSEHOLDS IN VANUATU.

AMONG POORER WOMEN WITH LOWER EDUCATION, 41% OWN A MOBILE PHONE WHILE 59% STILL DO NOT. THIS FURTHEST BEHIND GROUP REPRESENTS 14% OF ALL INDIVIDUALS AGED 15-49 IN VANUATU.



DISCOVER HOW DIFFERENT CIRCUMSTANCES INTERACT TO CREATE UNEQUAL ACCESS TO BASIC OPPORTUNITIES IN ASIA AND THE PACIFIC. EXPLORE MORE ABOUT OUR LNOB ANALYSIS AT [LNOB.UNESCAP.ORG](https://lno.unescap.org)